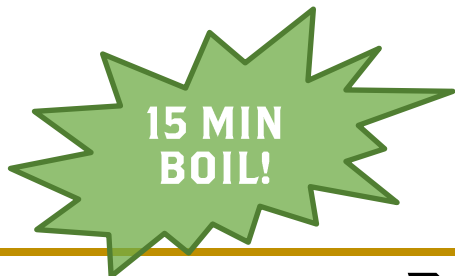


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**Hours:**  
 Daily 10:00am - 8:00pm



**Cost** \$ \$ \$ \$ \$  
**Difficulty**

## BIRTHDAY BEER IPA

### FERMENTABLES

- 7 lb Golden Light Dried Malt Extract (DME)
- 0.75 lb Corn Sugar

### STEEPING GRAINS

- 0.5 lb Crystal 10L
- 0.5 lb Carapils

### HOP ADDITIONS

- Whirlpool: 3 oz Strata (15.5% AA)  
2 oz Citra (12% AA)
- Dry hop #1: 2 oz Zappa (4.9% AA)
- Dry hop #2: 3 oz Strata (15.5% AA)  
1 oz Cryo Citra (25% AA)

### YEAST

- 1 vial WLP 001: California Ale Yeast  
*Ideal fermentation temperature: 64-72F*

### ADDITIVES

- Clarifier: 1 tsp Irish Moss or 1 tablet Whirlfloc
- Yeast Nutrient: 1/2 tsp White Labs (1/2 tsp/gal Biotin)

Target Statistics <sup>2</sup>		Your Results
<b>Orig. Gravity:</b>	1.061	
<b>Final Gravity:</b>	1.012	
<b>Est. % ABV:</b>	6.6%	
<b>IBUs:</b>	50	

### *BJCP Style Guidelines: Specialty IPA* (21b)

Original Gravity: 1.060 – 1.085 SG

Final Gravity: 1.010 – 1.015 SG

Bitterness: 25 – 60 IBUs

ABV: 6 – 9%

Overall Impression: An American IPA with intense fruit flavors and aromas, a soft body, and smooth mouthfeel, and often opaque with substantial haze. Less perceived bitterness than traditional IPAs but always massively hop forward. This emphasis on late hopping, especially dry hopping, with hops with tropical fruit qualities lends the specific 'juicy' character for which this style is known.



### Notes:

### Tricks of the Trade:

The simplest whirlpool method is to stir the contents of the kettle with a spoon until a circular current is achieved. Avoid splashing the wort to prevent hot side aeration. After 10-30 minutes resting, all sediment should settle to the bottom-center of your pot allowing you to rack into your fermentor either by using an auto siphon or an attached ball valve.

<sup>1</sup>**AA (ALPHA ACID)**: This is the measure of hops' potential bitterness. Be aware when substituting hops with a higher AA% for your "60 min" hop addition, you will increase the bitterness of your beer. "Flame Out" and "Dry Hop" additions will add hoppy aroma, but will contribute little bitterness to your beer. Substituting different hops for these later additions will alter the flavor of your beer, but not the level of bitterness.

<sup>2</sup>**TARGET STATISTICS**: These targets were calculated using BeerSmith™ software and are based on the brewing method outlined on the back of this page.

# QUICK BREWING INSTRUCTIONS

<b>PREP</b>	<p>Measure out all ingredients:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3 gallons of water in your boil kettle.</li> <li>• 3 gallons of sanitized, pre-chilled water in the fridge</li> <li>• All hop additions</li> </ul> <p>Put pre-milled grain into steeping bag and tie the top of the bag in a knot</p>	
<b>STEEP</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.) Bring the water in your pot to 160F, then turn off your heat and add your steeping bag of grain. This will bring the temp down to 155F or so. Stir thoroughly to maximize exposure.</li> <li>2.) Cover with lid to maintain 155F for 30 minutes. Most pots retain heat pretty well with the heat off and the lid on.</li> <li>3.) After 30 min, remove the grain from the pot and let it drip dry over the pot. Do not squeeze or wring out the bag.</li> </ol>	
<b>BOIL</b>	<p><b>NOTE: THIS RECIPE ONLY HAS A 15 MIN BOIL</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.) Add your malt extract (DME), corn sugar, and any additives. Be sure to pour slowly and stir constantly to ensure all extract dissolves completely. Once fully dissolved, turn the heat on and watch for boil-overs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Have countermeasures for boil-over ready: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Be prepared to turn the heat down or off.</li> <li>ii. Have a spray bottle of water ready to help keep foam at bay.</li> </ol> </li> </ul> </li> <li>2.) Once you achieve a stable, rolling boil, start your timer for 15 min and start sanitizing your equipment and prepping your ice bath. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Measure 5 gallons of water and pour 1 oz (two capfuls) of I-Star sanitizer into your fermentor (mark the 5 gal level on the outside of your carboy) and allow to sit for 1 min.</li> <li>b. Use auto-siphon to rack the sanitizer into a spare bucket or tub and use to sanitize rest of equipment: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Funnel, airlock, stopper, and wine thief</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>3.) At 0 min turn off the heat; add “whirlpool” hop addition and stir wort and let sit for 15min with the lid on.</li> </ol>	<p><b>15 MIN</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 7 lb Light DME</li> <li>• 0.75 Lb Corn Sugar Clarifier &amp; Nutrient</li> </ul> <hr/> <p><b>0 MIN (Whirlpool)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3 oz Strata</li> <li>• 2 oz Citra</li> </ul>
<b>COOLDOWN</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.) Transfer the hot kettle from the burner to a sink or tub filled with cool water.</li> <li>2.) Swirl the pot to better cool the wort inside.</li> <li>3.) Using ice is more effective if you wait to add it until the wort has cooled significantly. As the water becomes hot, refill your tub with cool water until the wort gets down to around 150F. Getting from 150F to 90F with just cool water takes a while; this is where you want to add the ice.</li> <li>4.) Once your wort has cooled to 90F or less, vigorously pour it into your sanitized fermentor. Top off your fermentor to 5 gal with the prepped 3 gallons cold water. If the water you add isn’t completely cold, wait until your wort is cooled down to 80F or less before pouring it into your carboy.</li> <li>5.) Shake the carboy for a few minutes to oxygenate and evenly mix the water with your wort. If you’re planning to take a hydrometer reading, do so here before you pitch the yeast.</li> </ol>	<p><i>From here on, everything that comes into contact with the wort <b>must</b> be sanitized.</i></p>
<b>PITCH</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.) Sanitize the exterior of the yeast package and use sanitized scissors to open.</li> <li>2.) Add your yeast to your fermentor.</li> <li>3.) Fill your airlock to the recommended line with sanitizing solution and fix it in place with your rubber stopper.</li> <li>4.) Store in a cool dark place for the duration of the fermentation. You should witness bubbling activity in your airlock within 24 hours.</li> </ol>	<p><b>PITCH</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1 vial WLP001: California Ale Yeast</li> </ul> <p><i>Ferment at 64-72F</i></p>
<b>DRY HOP</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.) Add extra hop aroma to this recipe by dry-hopping, twice! <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dry Hop #1 is added at High Kräusen, approximately 1 or 2 days after pitching yeast.</li> <li>b. Dry Hop #2 is added when bubbling activity in the airlock has slowed or stopped entirely. After 10 days it’s safe to assume your fermentation has ceased.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2.) Remove airlock, add your dry hop addition to the fermentor (no need to sanitize the hops), reinstall airlock.</li> <li>3.) Wait 4-6 days before packaging.</li> </ol>	<p><b>DRY HOP #1</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 2oz Zappa</li> </ul> <p><b>DRY HOP #2</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 3oz Strata</li> <li>• 1 oz Cryo Citra</li> </ul>

FOR MORE ON SIPHONING AND BOTTLING AS WELL AS MORE IN-DEPTH BREWING INSTRUCTIONS, PLEASE SEE OUR “BEGINNER’S BREWING INSTRUCTIONS.”